9 BIRTHPLACE

11 BIRTHPLACE

12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER

13 BIRTHPLACE

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MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

Benton			CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
County	william	Registration Distri		173	
or Village		Primary Registrati	on District No. 4034 Registered No.	.	
-	_	ıra Weymuth	St.;Ward)	[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]	
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS			MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
3 sex Female	4 COLOR OR RACE White	Sangle MARRIED WIDOWED Single OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH January (Month)	10th 1916 (Day) (Year)	
6 DATE OF BI		27th 1887 (Year)	17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from 10.0 17 1915 to Jan 10 1916 that I last saw here alive on Jan 1916		
7 AGE	28 yrs 2	If LESS than 1 day,hrs. ormin.?		ted above, at 7:15P m.	
8 OCCUPATIO (a) Trade, p particular k		home	a 1	<i>a</i>	

(City or town, Cole Camp Mo State or foreign country 10 NAME OF FATHER

(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)

Henry Weymuth

OF FATHER LIBBOURI
(City or town, State or foreign country)

Katharine Brandt

OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign coulding)

usual residence...... 19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL

or Recent Residents)

CONTRIBUTORY

(Secondary)

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal. 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients,

DATE OF BURIAL

y Lutheran

ADDRESS Cole Camp Mo

15

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)